## Lessons required for the Math Entrance Exam: (Grade 9Bac to 10Bac)

*Geometry Set and calculator are needed.

## 1) Real Numbers:

Students should be able to:
a. Classify numbers as natural, integers, rational, irrational and real.
b. Simplify radicals.
c. Compare two real numbers.
d. Rationalize the denominator.

## 2) Algebraic Expressions:

Students should be able to:
a. Determine the degree of a polynomial.
b. Add, subtract and multiply polynomials.
c. Expand, reduce and arrange a polynomial.
d. Factorize a polynomial using greatest common factor, grouping and remarkable identities $\left((a+b)^{2},(a-b)^{2}\right.$ and $\left.a^{2}-b^{2}\right)$.
e. Find the roots of a polynomial.
f. Simplify rational algebraic expressions.
g. Solve equations in the form $\frac{p(x)}{q(x)}$ where $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{x})$ and $\mathrm{q}(\mathrm{x})$ are two polynomials.

## 3) Proportionality:

Students should be able to:
a. Identify directly and inversely proportional quantities.
b. Calculate the fourth proportional of three numbers in proportional series.
c. Calculate quantities after raise/discount based on a percentage of increase/decrease.

## 4) Lines and circles:

Students should be able to:
a. Determine the relative position of a straight line and a circle.
b. Determine the relative position of two circles knowing their radii and the distance between their centers.
c. Determine the relation between the distance of the centers of the two circles and the sum or difference of their radii, knowing the relative position of the two circles.
d. Draw a tangent to a circle from a point on it and use the property that this tangent is perpendicular to the radius at the point of tangency.
e. Draw 2 tangents to a circle from a point outside it and use the property that the segments from this point to the points of tangency are equal.
f. Use the property that the line of centers of the two circles is an axis of symmetry of the figure.
*Note that all prerequisites for geometry from Grades 7\& 8 are required(special triangles, special parallelograms, Midpoint Theorem...)

## 5) Thales' properties:

Students should be able to:
a. Use Thales' properties in a triangle.
b. Use the converse of Thales' theorem in a triangle.

## 6) Lines in a coordinate system:

Students should be able to:
a. Plot a point in a coordinate system.
b. Draw a line in a plane knowing its equation.
c. Find an equation of a line passing through 2 given points as well as a vertical line passing through a given point, a horizontal line passing through a given point and a line passing through the origin.
d. Determine whether a point, knowing its coordinates, belongs to a line of a given equation.
e. Determine the coordinates of a point that belongs to a given line.
f. Find the slope of a line.
g. Identify that two lines are parallel when their slopes are equal.
h. Identify that two lines are perpendicular when the product of their slopes is equal to -1.
i. Determine the equation of a line passing through a given point and parallel/perpendicular to a given line.
j. Calculate the distance between two points knowing their coordinates.

